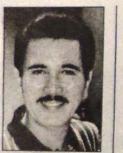
## Voters must balance dreams, realities of status plebiscite

ast night, I had a dream: The Nov. 7 plebiscite was held peacefully. Independence prevailed with a narrow margin over statehood, while free association came third.

Our leaders proclaimed immediately that July 4 would



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henceforth become the real independence date - not for the United States. but for Guam. It will be the Republic of Guam Independence Day.

The government issued a decree that the election for president

would be held immediately, and the inauguration will be on Thanksgiving Day at Freedom Park.

Now, we could negotiate and sign treaties with other countries, dump that infamous Organic Act, declare war to protect our national interests, etc.

We were excited receiving congratulatory messages from world leaders. There was the message from the United Nations secretary general that a pole was reserved for the Guam flag and a seat was waiting for the Guam ambassador.

Many of our politically connected citizens were already lobbying for ambassadorial posts in prestigious places like Paris, London, the Vatican, etc.

World leaders were being invited to the inauguration to witness this birth of a republic of the millennium.

Everything will be great!

But wait! Many are concerned. I am not an ardent believer in numerology, but the election falling on 11-7 (Nov. 7) is the reverse of 7-11, a lucky number. This forebodes ill tidings.

Independence means that those non-U.S. citizens on island and subsequent children born on Guam definitely will no longer be granted U.S. citizenship. This will have divisive repercussions on family unity between U.S. citizens residing in the States and their relatives who, hereafter, will be born on Guam. These non-U.S. citizens shall use Guam passports and, as such, won't be able to freely travel to the U.S. mainland and other countries. One of the great benefits of being a U.S. citizen is the ease of travel.

In terms of currency, our senators were animatedly discussing whether we use the Guam dollar, the peso or a minted mini-latte stone coin. Those of Caucasian descent prefer the dollar, those of Hispanic ancestry prefer the peso, while the "nationalists" choose the mini-latte stone. But the discussion stopped upon realizing that we have no gold reserves to guarantee the currency. Investors, therefore, are apprehensive.

Other realities unfold before us. There's the news on CNN that hundreds of fishing boats from mainland China filled with thousands of Chinese are coming to populate our young republic.

How do we drive them away when we don't even have the ability to intercept them? We might as well wait for them at our shorelines and jail them. But where do we get the money to fee them?

How could we protect our 200-mi economic zone comprising of 12500 square miles of water? We don't eve have a plane or ship to patrol the area

The Joint Typhoon Warning Centers planning to relocate, and it's typhoo season. The Seismological Observats ry, too, was alerted to leave. How about our infrastructure, expenses for the preidential election, inauguration of the no republic, etc.? There are no more federate al aids and grants.

These are some harsh scenarios to could overwhelm us. They're is dreams, but can become real.

It reminds me of that impassioned at impatient statement of the late Mane Quezon, president of the Philippu Commonwealth, who continually presured the United States to grant inc pendence until they got it in 1946. The tween a government that's run by Americans like heaven, I'll preferage ernment run by the Filipinos like ho

This historical statement became prophetic judgment levied on the ipinos who, up to now, are still bunder with a heavy stigma of misgoverna

Guam and the Philippines are twin brothers who have undergones ilar historical and cultural transfer tions and have similar geopolitical cumstances.

Will the Philippine experiences as profitable lessons for Guam? Or we just sleep over them and dre again?

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